

Bereuter	Green (WI)	Northup	Walden	Weldon (FL)	Wilson
Berman	Greenwood	Norwood	Walsh	Weldon (PA)	Wolf
Biggart	Grucci	Nussle	Wamp	Weller	Woolsey
Billarakis	Gutknecht	Ortiz	Watkins (OK)	Wexler	Wu
Blagojevich	Hall (OH)	Osborne	Watts (OK)	Whitfield	Young (FL)
Blunt	Hall (TX)	Ose	Weiner	Wicker	
Boehrlert	Hansen	Otter			
Boehner	Hart	Owens			
Bonilla	Hastings (FL)	Oxley			
Bono	Hastings (WA)	Pastor			
Boozman	Hayworth	Paul			
Borski	Hefley	Pence			
Boswell	Herger	Peterson (MN)			
Boyd	Hilleary	Peterson (PA)			
Brady (TX)	Hinojosa	Petri			
Brown (FL)	Hobson	Pickering			
Brown (SC)	Hoekstra	Platts			
Bryant	Holden	Pommo			
Burr	Hooley	Pomeroy			
Burton	Horn	Portman			
Buyer	Houghton	Price (NC)			
Callahan	Hoyer	Pryce (OH)			
Calvert	Hulshof	Putnam			
Camp	Hunter	Radanovich			
Cannon	Hyde	Rahall			
Cantor	Inlee	Ramstad			
Capito	Isakson	Rangel			
Cardin	Issa	Regula			
Carson (IN)	Istook	Rehberg			
Castle	Jackson (IL)	Reynolds			
Chabot	Jackson-Lee	Riley			
Chambliss	(TX)	Rodriguez			
Coble	Jefferson	Roemer			
Combest	Jenkins	Rogers (KY)			
Conyers	John	Rogers (MI)			
Cooksey	Johnson (CT)	Rohrabacher			
Costello	Johnson (IL)	Ros-Lehtinen			
Cox	Jones (NC)	Ross			
Coyne	Kanjorski	Royce			
Cramer	Keller	Rush			
Crane	Kelly	Ryan (WI)			
Crenshaw	Kennedy (RI)	Ryun (KS)			
Culberson	Kerns	Sanders			
Cummings	Kildee	Saxton			
Cunningham	Kind (WI)	Schaffer			
Davis (CA)	King (NY)	Schrock			
Davis (FL)	Kirk	Scott			
Davis (IL)	Kleccka	Sensenbrenner			
Davis, Jo Ann	Knollenberg	Serrano			
Deal	Kolbe	Sessions			
DeLaunt	Kucinich	Shadegg			
DeLay	LaFalce	Shaw			
DeMint	LaHood	Shays			
Deutsch	Lampson	Sherwood			
Diaz-Balart	Langevin	Shimkus			
Dicks	Largent	Shows			
Doggett	Larson (CT)	Shuster			
Doolittle	Latham	Simmons			
Doyle	LaTourette	Simpson			
Dreier	Leach	Skeen			
Dunn	Lee	Skelton			
Edwards	Levin	Smith (MI)			
Ehlers	Lewis (CA)	Smith (NJ)			
Ehrlich	Lewis (KY)	Smith (TX)			
Emerson	LoBiondo	Snyder			
Engel	Lofgren	Solis			
English	Lowe	Souder			
Eshoo	Lucas (KY)	Spratt			
Etheridge	Lucas (OK)	Stark			
Everett	Luther	Stearns			
Farr	Maloney (NY)	Stenholm			
Ferguson	Manzullo	Stump			
Flake	Mascara	Sununu			
Fletcher	Matheson	Sweeney			
Foley	Matsui	Tancred			
Forbes	McCarthy (MO)	Tanner			
Ford	McCarthy (NY)	Tauscher			
Fossella	McCollum	Tauzin			
Frank	McCrery	Taylor (MS)			
Frelinghuysen	McDermott	Taylor (NC)			
Frost	McHugh	Terry			
Gallegly	McInnis	Thomas			
Ganske	McIntyre	Thompson (CA)			
Gekas	McKeon	Thornberry			
Gibbons	McNulty	Thune			
Gilchrest	Mica	Thurman			
Gillmor	Miller, Dan	Tiahrt			
Gonzalez	Miller, Gary	Tiberi			
Goode	Miller, Jeff	Tierney			
Goodlatte	Mollohan	Toomey			
Gordon	Moran (VA)	Towns			
Goss	Morella	Traficant			
Graham	Myrick	Turner			
Granger	Nadler	Udall (CO)			
Graves	Neal	Upton			
Green (TX)	Nethercutt	Vitter			

## NOES—82

## NOT VOTING—29

## □ 1611

Mr. MEEKS of New York changed his vote from “aye” to “no”.

So the motion was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

## SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. PENCE). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 3, 2001, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

## □ 1615

## AMIGOS TOGETHER FOR KIDS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. PENCE). Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, one of the most special aspects of our everyday lives is to be blessed with true friends. Amigos Together for Kids is an organization that has been in existence since 1991, and under the direction of Jorge Plasencia serves the needs of south Florida's forgotten children, those who are abused, neglected and abandoned.

Now celebrating its 10th anniversary, Amigos has many friends who have committed their energies toward the success of its programs, including Roxana Fernandez, Mirta Fuentes, Paul Hanson, Victoria Rodriguez, Daniel Rodriguez-Cuesta and Jorge Rouco, to name just a few.

The Amigos programs include Amigos Doctors for Kids, Children Helping Children, The Birthday Club, The Holiday Toy Drive, The Back-to-School Drive, and a new and ambitious program to serve adolescents in our area in south Florida.

Congratulations, Amigos Together for Kids. You are definitely fulfilling your mission of making south Florida's less fortunate young people feel truly loved. We really appreciate your dedication to our community's future, our children.

OPPOSE FAST TRACK  
LEGISLATION

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. LYNCH) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. Speaker, I rise again in opposition to the so-called Fast Track legislation that will be debated in this House over the next 2 days. I do so for several reasons.

Firstly, because Fast Track contradicts the clear requirement of the United States Constitution, which vests the responsibility in this body, in the House of Representatives, to regulate trade with foreign nations. It also vests the power in the Congress to make any necessary laws for the exercise of that authority.

Secondly, I oppose Fast Track because it requires that these negotiations, very detailed, complicated negotiations, with great impact for not only our generation but those to come, it requires that these negotiations occur in secret; not in open debate on the floor of the House, but in secret.

I also oppose Fast Track because of our own past experience. We have seen what Fast Track has brought us, and we have been shown that it is a poor way to conduct, establish, and implement trade policy.

We have seen what it has done for workers, both in the United States and Mexico, through the example of NAFTA. We see now multinational corporations, General Motors, closing down plants in the U.S. and moving them over the border into Mexico, where our own auto workers are now forced to compete with auto workers in Mexico making 67 cents an hour. That is what Fast Track has brought us.

We have seen what it has brought to our environment, where corporations are continuing to seek to escape, avoid and evade responsible environmental standards in this country in order to go to other countries and to make a profit, make a profit by avoiding responsible environmental behavior.

We have seen what it has done to our food safety standards, where right now in this country under Fast Track legislation we can no longer keep out foods that do not meet our own food safety standards.

But last of all and most importantly, I oppose Fast Track because I think it is the single greatest threat to our representative form of democracy. It takes the power that has been vested in this body as representatives of the voters and gives it to the United States Trade Representative, who then, through agreements again in secret, delegates the authority to the World Trade Organization in Geneva, Switzerland. I think every Member in this body knows the chances of their own constituents exercising any right to petition to the WTO representatives in Geneva, Switzerland.

I think this is a bad policy for America. I think that we have a responsibility here to our constituents. I know they did not send me down here to give away the rights of the constituents in the Ninth Congressional District of Massachusetts, and I assure you that no Representative in this Congress has been so directed by their Congress.

#### THE LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT HATE CRIMES PREVENTION ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from California (Ms. WOOLSEY) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. WOOLSEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to encourage the Republican leadership to bring the bill offered by the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. CONYERS), H.R. 1343, The Local Law Enforcement Hate Crimes Prevention Act, to the House floor. It is time to take action against crimes that are motivated by hate.

I appreciate all of my colleagues that are coming here this evening that are going to take their time and to speak in support of H.R. 1343.

In the past 3 months, crimes against Muslims, Arabs, Sikhs, Southeast Asians and anyone resembling these nationalities have increased significantly. The Council on Arab and Islamic Relations has compiled more than 1,400 reports of hate crimes since September 11. This represents a 51 percent increase in reported crimes against those of Middle Eastern descent since the attacks.

Our children are watching in horror as they and their moms and their dads, their brothers, their sisters and close friends, are being harassed, spit on, beaten and, even worse, killed. These hate crimes are happening in their neighborhoods, at their schools, and their places of worship. This Congress does not want to stand by and let our children be subjected to this kind of hate. We cannot. We should not. The 107th Congress must recognize the

problem at hand and must take effective measures to reverse this trend, and we can do that by bringing H.R. 1343 forward.

The stories of these hate crime victims are disheartening. In Poughkeepsie, New York, a high school student was harassed and attacked while another student yelled "I hate you, dirty Afghani," as he pelted him with rocks and plants.

In Dumfries, Virginia, a mother and her son attacked two Afghani American brothers, age 16 and 17. During school the son and a group of his friends approached the two Afghani teenagers and began taunting and hitting them. The mother entered the fight and hit the 17-year-old youth in the head. Luckily, both boys escaped into a neighbor's home and luckily neither was seriously injured.

In San Mateo, California, a gasoline bomb was thrown through the window of a Sikh family's home hitting a 3-year-old. Fortunately, the bomb failed to explode.

These stories are both unbelievable and intolerable. But, sadly, these acts of hate are rampant, and people of Middle Eastern descent are not the only victims affected by ignorance and hate.

Just a week ago, a hate crime occurred in my district. Three sophomores at a high school in my district assaulted a 17-year-old student because he was openly gay. The apparent leader of the assault paid two other boys \$10 each to beat up the victim. Our children cannot be subjected to such violence and such hate.

No one in America should live in fear because of his or her ethnic background, because of religious affiliation, because of gender, disability or sexual preference. This is especially true of our children.

That is why it is important to pass meaningful hate crime legislation, and to pass it now. We need to strengthen our existing laws, and we must protect people against all hate crimes. We must send a message, especially to our children, that hateful behavior is wrong and it will not be tolerated.

Our law enforcement officials need vigorous tools to fight and prosecute hate crimes. Yet existing Federal law is inadequate. That is why I am a strong supporter of the bill offered by the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. CONYERS), the Local Law Enforcement Hate Crimes Prevention Act.

For the first time under Federal law, this measure would add sexual orientation, gender and disability. In addition, it would expand Federal civil rights law to allow prosecution of hate crimes even if no federally protected activities were involved, such as voting or attending school. Also the bill would expand the circumstances under which the Federal Government could offer assistance to State and local governments to help prosecute these crimes.

Even though the bill is cosponsored by over 200 bipartisan Members, it has been cast aside. We must bring it to the floor, and we must pass it now.

#### HONOR THE FALLEN

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentlewoman from Virginia (Mrs. JO ANN DAVIS) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mrs. JO ANN DAVIS of Virginia. Mr. Speaker, today I would like to again take up the effort to pay tribute and honor the fallen who perished as a result of the attacks on September 11, 2001.

This growing list of over 3,000 names is comprised of many of the victims of the recent horrific attacks on our Nation, including the firefighters and policemen who willingly gave their lives in an attempt to rescue others. I intend to read these names for as many days as it takes to bring honor and recognition to those individuals who lost their lives or are still missing:

Alok Mehta; Raymond Meisenheimer; Manuel Emilio Mejia; Antonio Melendez; Mary Melendez; Manny Melina; Christopher D. Mello; Yelena Melnichenko; Stuart Todd Meltzer; Diarelia J. Mena; Dora M. Menchaca; Charles Mendez; Lizette Mendoza; Shevonne Mentis; Wolfgang Menzel; Steve Mercado; Wesley Mercer; Ralph Mercurio; Alan H. Merdinger; Yamel Merino; George Merino; Michael Dermott Mullan; Dennis Michael Mulligan; Peter Mulligan; Michael Joseph Mullin; James Donald Munhall; Nancy Muniz; Carlos Mario Munoz; Theresa "Terry" Munson; Robert M. Murach; Cesar Augusto Murillo; Marc A. Murolo; Raymond E. Murphy; Patrick Jude Murphy; Christopher William White Murphy; James Francis Murphy, IV; Brian Joseph Murphy; James Thomas Murphy; Edward C. Murphy; Kevin James Murphy; Charles Murphy; Robert Murphy; Susan D. Murrar; John Murray; Susan D. Murray; John "Jack" Murray; Fall Mustafa; Richard Todd Myhre; Louis J. Nacke; Robert Nagel; Mildred Naiman; Takuya Nakamura; Alexander J.R. Napier, Jr.; Frank Naples; John Napolitano; Catharine Nardella; Mario Nardone; Manika Narula; Shawn Nassaney; Narendra Nath; Karen S. Navarro; Joseph Michael Navas.

Mr. Speaker, today I heard as others were honored who were on United Flight 93, and it did my heart good to know we have them all in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

Again, Mr. Speaker, I urge all my colleagues to join me in remembering these brave heroes, so that their names will go down in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, and they will not be just remembered as numbers, but will be remembered as people.